

ARIZONA JOURNAL-MINER

J. C. MARTIN, Editor and Prop'r.

WEDNESDAY July 18, 1894

Phenix has a hotel which refuses to entertain consumptives.

Eugene J. Trippel has been appointed register of the Tucson land office vice Frank W. Walls deceased.

Congress has passed a law and it has been signed by the president, granting Cocconino county the authority to build a court house.

The Bisbee copper works have been closed for want of coke and 400 men thrown out of employment. This is one of the results of Debs strike.

Hon. J. W. Dorrington, of Yuma, who has been spoken of as a candidate for delegate to Congress, says that he is out of politics, and he favors Governor Murphy for delegate.

Indiana populists are talking of Debs for governor of that state. If they could get Herr Most to run for lieutenant governor, they would then have a good populist team.

Among the distinguished arrivals at New York recently, is a full pledged, frowsy headed anarchist from England. On his arrival he immediately went before a court and declared his intention to become a citizen.

Two hours after Debs refused to give bail and went to jail, the Indiana State Federation of Labor resolved: "We endorse the stand Debs has taken." There is something ambiguous about this endorsement.—Ex.

The House has refused to concur in the Senate amendments to the tariff bill. The result will be that Congress will pass no tariff bill this session, and the promises made by the democratic party will remain unfulfilled.

Governor Murphy received a telegram Saturday evening from Senator Shoup saying that the committee would probably report the Arizona admission bill favorably this week, but that it would, in all probability, not be placed on its final passage until January.

Georgia Clifford, who killed a railroad brakeman at Williams, a short time since, has given notice that she will apply for a pardon next month. Georgia was only sent to the penitentiary last March, but she presumes, on past precedence, on being able to secure a pardon soon.

Judge Hawkins is winning the approbation of the bar of this district for his fair and impartial rulings. While he may not be infallible as a judge, and is liable to make mistakes, he seems to be doing his duty as he understands it.

The Phenix Republican must have a plethoric treasury. Its editor has just paid a fine of \$300 in preference to going to jail for thirty days. There are very few editors of country papers who would not be willing to edit their papers in jail, if they could make \$10 per day by so doing.

"The Miner, for the benefit of the Prescott JOURNAL-MINER, reiterates the statement that it was heart and soul wrapped up in the cause of goldbugism a few years ago."—Mohave Miner. The Miner is challenged to produce a single item which has appeared in this paper that would justify the above assertion. The JOURNAL-MINER was a consistent advocate of silver coinage long before Anson H. Smith's mental activities were sufficiently aroused to realize the importance of it.

Editor Wolfley, of the Republican, has escaped the legal consequences of a number of libelous articles published by him, by "taking them back." He tried the same tactics on Judge Baker, but his Honor would not have it that way. He found Mr. Wolfley "guilty of willful, deliberate, malicious and scurrilous contempt of court," and fined him \$300, or thirty days in jail. The fine was paid.

Editor Wolfley, of the Phenix Republican, has been cited to appear before Chief Justice Baker to answer a charge of contempt of court. Governor Wolfley had a case before Baker in which he applied for a change of venue, which was denied him. For doing so the Republican criticized the judge, hence the citation. This contempt of court proceedings is a good cudgel for judges to hold to ward off criticism, but there have been cases where the court has brought itself into contempt by the arbitrary use of this power. In denying a litigant, a change of venue Judge Baker held himself subject to respectful criticism.

"Judge Hallett, in a recent ruling, said that there was no law to prevent employees from banding together for mutual benefit and that they had the right to quit the employ of the company in a body or singly, but in this Judge Hawkins, of this district, disagrees."—Mohave Miner. Judge Hawkins did not disagree or dissent from the above doctrine. On the contrary, he announced the doctrine before Judge Hallett. Judge Hawkins did not dispute the right of railroad employees to quit work, but he drew the line at their attempt to get others to do so by intimidation or threats, either open or implied. But the above assertion by the Miner is about as near as its editor ever gets to the truth.

The A. R. U. pays Debs \$3,000 per year.

The spread of cholera in Russia is assuming alarming proportions. Debs is more anxious than ever to arbitrate. His principal desire is arbitrate with the courts, though.

There seems to be a good show for the republicans to elect their ticket in Mohave county this year. Frank Hurd forgets his free trade ideas with all the ease of a man who has been "seen" by the sugar trust.

The deadly bomb is being used against non-union workmen at Uniontown, Pennsylvania. The cause of labor can not be promoted greatly by the use of dynamite.

It is uncertain whether it was love of the vice president or hatred of the president that induced Senator Morgan to give the Stevenson boom a boost.

Surely Mr. Charles A. Dana did not have to go to Europe to find out that the democratic party had broken all its promises. Even Grover has discovered the fact, at last.

There are lots of people who share the opinion of Congressman Hatch, of Missouri, who lately said that when Harter, of Ohio, retired from the House: "There will go out more egotism and less ability than have ever before been combined in one man."

The Los Angeles Times employs Homer pigeon service between Catalina island and Los Angeles to get the news. The JOURNAL-MINER used these same species of pigeons successfully two years ago to obtain the election news from remote precincts.

When "Dick" Oglesby was governor of Illinois, and a petition for a pardon was presented to him, his reply almost invariably was, "I decline to interfere with the judgment of the courts." If there were more governors with such principles as Governor Oglesby, there would be fewer murders committed.

The Examiner's story about Prescott being the only place left on the frontier where bad men congregate, has had the run of the eastern press. This malicious story shows a very mean spirit on the part of what claims to be a great broad gauge paper, to get even with the town for its refusal to pay a bill rendered for a contract which was never fulfilled. It shows that even great papers can condescend to very small, malicious practices, through small souled, narrow minded men in charge of them.

The populist convention in Mohave county ignored every principle of its party except one. It remained silent on single taxation, female suffrage, government ownership of railroads, protection to the public schools and all other questions to which the party has committed itself, save and except the single question of silver coinage on a ratio of 16 to 1. On that single plank alone, a platform, too, on which Anson H. Smith has had a copyright for two or three years, the candidates go before the people of that county.

A communication signed, "A great majority of the ladies of Williams," was published in the last issue of the Williams News, repudiating the one published the week previous, signed "The Ladies of Williams." The first one endorsed the strike without any qualifications, and referred, in the most glowing terms, to Mr. Debs. The latter one says that the great majority of the ladies of Williams felt it understood that they never, by word, act or deed, sanctioned the sentiments of the lady, or few individuals who penned and executed the article and resolutions printed, signed "The Ladies of Williams."

The Williams News, in its last issue, censures various papers for publishing statements of a derogatory character to that town, during the strike. The worst rumors circulated about the place, during the strike, seemed worthy of belief, after reading in the News the article signed, "The Ladies of Williams," in which every feature of the strike was endorsed and autocrat Debs was referred to as the greatest of men with an honored name. Assuming that the News, in giving publicity to the communication, gave it as representing the sentiment of the ladies of the town, it was not difficult to believe that no exaggerated reports were sent out from there. There was nothing appeared in any paper that gave a worse impression of the town than that article signed "The Ladies of Williams."

President Cleveland has written a most remarkable letter to Congressman Wilson on the tariff question. It is remarkable from the fact that it is an attempt of the chief executive of the nation to coerce the legislative body of the country. It is not the present executive's first attempt, but the present executive was the first in the history of the country to attempt such methods. Portions of the letter show that Mr. Cleveland is keenly alive to the situation, as he says: "There is no excuse for mistaking or misapprehending the temper and feeling of the rank and file of the democracy. They are downcast under the assertion that their party failed in ability to manage the government, as they are apprehensive that efforts to bring about tariff reform may fail, but they are much more downcast and apprehensive in their fears that democratic principles may be surrendered."

It begins to look like statehood for Arizona.

Senator Harris calls it a "great tariff bill." Other people call it a very puny affair.

Indian soldiers are not a success and the war department has decided to discharge them.

They should no longer be called populists. Socialists they are, and socialists they should be called.

When anarchists are treated like small pox patients, the assassination of officials will be less frequent.

The Phenix Herald says that E. J. Trippel will probably be the next register of the Tucson land office.

When it isn't a trust, it is a syndicate—merely a change of name—that controls every act of the democrats in Congress.

Secretary Gresham says the talk about sending him to the Senate from Illinois is absurd. Just our opinion to a dot.

The man who goes to Congress expecting to revolutionize its method of doing business, is seldom heard of after he gets to Washington.

Wonder what Debs wants now for his A. R. U. He called it out in aid of the Pullman strikers and the Pullman strikers have gone to work.

Cleveland has written a letter on the tariff bill in which he says the democratic party has not been true to its pledges. The country discovered this over a year ago.

The conference committee can not agree on the tariff bill. There does not seem to be as much sugar coating in the house as in the senate.

The adjutant general of Colorado is not a believer in the fuss and feathers method of doing things. Nor does he approve of the use of tar as a coating for militiamen.

It is much easier to say that 250,000 people died in the United States last year from preventable diseases, as the doctors do, than it is to produce the preventive in each case.

The war is really over in Georgia. A rebel brigadier has been forced to withdraw from the contest for the gubernatorial nomination, in order to escape being defeated by a man who wasn't even in the army.

Speaker Crisp says he is satisfied with the legislation of this session of Congress. Dime museum managers should not overlook the opportunity to exhibit this freak. The only freak of his kind.

Getting "hooked" is the western veteran's expressive way of saying he has been unhooked by a Hoke Smith pension decision. By the same token the country has been "grovered."

No wonder Tammany is strong. It absolutely controls an army of 15,000 officials and its disbursements have, in a single year, exceeded \$88,000,000. But strong as it is, there are grounds for the belief that its downfall is near.

Washington E. Irving, nephew of the great author, had a narrow escape from being buried alive at Escondido, California, a few days since. Just after the funeral services had been concluded, a knocking was heard in the coffin, and on its being opened, Irving arose from it, and excused those gathered to "pay their last respects" for further ceremonies. It does seem that some infallible method should be employed to determine when one is dead. There is nothing more awful that can befall one than to be buried alive, and yet there is little doubt that hundreds are laid in their graves annually before life is extinct. It is a question which demands rigid legislation.

Employees of the Atlantic and Pacific railroad are said to have received the best pay of any railroad employees in the world. The men who voluntarily walked out of these places upon the order of an autocrat, without having any grievance whatever against their employers, may experience some "hard sledding" before they "catch on" to another job as good as they had. The position taken by the JOURNAL-MINER at the commencement of the strike—that it was unequal for—has been confirmed by Debs himself, who now says that the Pullman strike was "comparatively unimportant." Debs, "the great, the honored, etc." of a few days since, will, within a very few months, be executed by many of the men, at least, of those who lost their positions through his order.

There seems to be a desire on the part of certain members of the territorial republican central committee, to have the delegates to the territorial convention appointed by the county committees rather than to have them selected by county conventions. This plan has been tried before and found a failure. It savors too much of bossism and the day for bossism has passed in Arizona. The people want a voice in selecting candidates for office. It is a privilege that they are entitled to and any party that undertakes to deprive them of it will, as it should, lose their votes when election day comes. The republican party has some very able men in its ranks, men who are capable, or at least according to their own estimate of themselves have the ability to do all that the masses of the party can do in selecting delegates to a convention and in selecting candidates for them to vote for. But the rank and file prefer to have a voice in these matters and if it is prohibited them at the primaries they will retaliate at the polls.

Some time since Col. L. F. Eggers, an alleged attorney, formerly of this place, wrote to a friend here saying that he was being strongly urged to become a candidate for district attorney of San Bernardino county, and asking advice of the friend as to whether he should run. He was told, of course, to go in and win. The republican convention met in San Bernardino last Saturday, and in the report of it, as published in the Los Angeles Times, the colonel's name does not appear as having even been presented to the convention. The inference is that he was called to preach the gospel. It was some other noise he heard, which he mistook for a call to run for district attorney. Col. Eggers is a most unfortunate man, anyway, and deserves the sympathy of charitably disposed people. Nature stunted him by not providing him with the necessary qualifications to successfully fight the battle of life, and he has scored a failure wherever he has resided.

The tendency towards anarchy is much stronger, throughout the country than is generally appreciated. There are many men, who would resent as an insult, the charge that they were possessed of anarchistic tendencies, but whose actions are strongly in that direction. Anarchy, as defined by Webster, is, "want of government; the state of society where there is no law or supreme power, or where the laws are not efficient, and individuals do what they please with impunity." That the tendency of the age is in the direction of the above condition of affairs cannot be denied, no matter how beautiful a contrast to it may be painted by the optimist. It is evidenced by the ease with which the criminal escapes the penalty of his crime. It crops out at every labor disturbance by the readiness of the populace to join the labor agitators in the destruction of property, and even of human life itself. The good citizen who goes on a jury, and takes a solemn oath to return a verdict in accordance with the law and evidence of the case, submitted at the trial, and then votes for a verdict contrary to law and evidence, but in accordance with his sympathies for the accused or his family, takes a long stride towards anarchy. The man who signs a petition for the pardon and release of a red handed murderer, or other violator of the law, aids in making the laws less efficient, and if Webster's definition of anarchy is correct, he has registered his signature on the side of anarchy. The man who goes around the community, trying to work up sympathy and sentiment in favor of a man who has committed, some heinous crime against society is as much an anarchist, according to Webster as the man who throws a bomb in a public assemblage although his manifestation of it is in a milder and less dangerous form. The man who commits a wanton and unprovoked murder, although he may not do it in the name of anarchy, is as dangerous an anarchist as the man who kills from the simple love of disorder and confusion, and the man who pardons such a criminal aids and abets anarchy as much as did Governor Altgeld in pardoning the Haymarket conspirators and murderers.

We have been informed that a petition has been circulated and signed numerously by prominent citizens, asking for the pardon of Thomas Gallagher, now serving a life sentence for the murder of Constable Hawkins at Jerome. When a petition is presented to a man it is his privilege to sign it or refuse to do so as he may select. Upon what theory one can justify his action in signing a petition, asking for Gallagher's pardon, is more than we can guess. His crime was one without a single mitigating circumstance. The only possible excuse that could be given for it was the fact that Gallagher was drunk, a position in which he placed himself very frequently, and in which condition he was always quarrelsome. The arresting officer had never harmed him or abused him and was simply discharging his duty, when Gallagher deliberately and in cold blood shot him down and killed him. The jury which tried him found him guilty of murder, but recommended him to the mercy of the court. In passing sentence upon him, the court was much more merciful to him, than he was to his victim, as instead of pronouncing a death sentence upon him as he deserved, he sentenced him to life imprisonment. With the murder records of this county, during the past ten or twelve years, the JOURNAL-MINER feels it would not be doing a duty it owes to the community, should it not in the name of justice, protest against the pardon, not only of this man Gallagher, but of any other red handed murder now in the territorial prison. Murder after murder have been committed in this county and from three to five years has been the extreme penalty meted out to them, until human life has become one of the cheapest things to be found. It has apparently come to that pass in this county that a man may with impunity shoot another, with or without provocation and if he does not succeed in securing a sympathetic jury to turn him loose he can depend on a sympathetic community to sign a petition for his pardon. Men who condemn crime will sign a petition to turn the criminal loose. If the maladministration of justice is to continue in the future as it has in the past,

and criminals are to be turned loose by juries, or as soon as they are safely landed within the walls of the penitentiary, the courts might as well be abolished and a license issued to commit crime. Then, instead of property being taxed for its protection and for the protection of human life—for a protection which neither receives, let crime be licensed and made a source of revenue. Such a condition of affairs would be little less a mockery than the present. When a criminal has the misfortune of not being saved from conviction by some frivolous technicality, or by perjured testimony, he feels secure in obtaining a pardon within a few years at most. The criminal annals of this county are becoming a disgrace, to civilization, and life and property are only secure by courtesy, from any one who has a grievance against the one or might covet the other. Thousands of dollars are spent annually in the trials of criminals only to see them turned loose again upon the community either at the close of the trial or after an inadequate term of imprisonment. Courts are made a farce, decency becomes a mockery and justice is outraged. It is high time that a halt be called. The past cannot be remedied but a repetition of it for the future may be prevented. In the interest of justice, morality and protection to society, we ask that the pardoning powers investigate well and thoroughly every case, before overturning the verdict of juries and setting aside the judgment of courts, in regard to convicted felons. The case in question is an excellent one to commence with to maintain and uphold the power and dignity of the law, as there was not a single mitigating circumstance connected with the cold blooded murder of Constable Hawkins, and the murderer should be made to suffer the full penalty inflicted upon him.

District Court Proceedings.
TUESDAY, July 17.—Territory vs. John Clark. Set for trial July 23.
Wm. Yates vs. E. J. Austin et al. Set for trial July 23.
M. H. Ryan vs. George H. Clark; verdict for plaintiff for \$750.
J. L. Fisher vs. J. N. Rodenburg; judgment for plaintiff.
Bashford-Burmister Co. vs. C. A. and J. S. Green; judgment for plaintiff.
Thomas A. Smith, appellee, vs. Jos. Melvin, appellant. Motion to dismiss appeal argued and sustained.
Archibald Wilson vs. J. R. Lowry et al. Motion to dismiss appeal continued for hearing. Plaintiff granted two days' time to file cost bond, or show cause, etc.
Alex. Thompson et al. vs. Heister et al. Motion to dismiss plea of intervention argued and submitted.

Wednesday, July 18.—Frank Lohman vs. L. A. Willard; continued for the term.
R. F. Kelly vs. L. A. Willard; same order.
Thursday, July 19.—Samuel Hill vs. Henrietta M. & M. Co.; default entered.
Morse Darnall vs. J. R. Lowry et al.; judgment for plaintiff.
Samuel Hill vs. J. L. Fisher, garnishee of J. R. Dillon; judgment for plaintiff for the amount mentioned in the answer, less \$20, allowed garnishee for answering.
Refugia Feldman vs. Frank Feldman; ordered stricken from the calendar.
John R. McKinnon was admitted to citizenship.

SATURDAY, July 21.—Shrimpton & Sons vs. Thomas Carroll; case dismissed.
Lawrence Ryan and Wm. Horne were admitted to citizenship.
Babbitt Bros. vs. A. Humphreys and E. J. Austin; judgment against defendant Austin.
Wm. Lutley vs. W. H. Hatcher; testimony closed and case being argued.

SATURDAY, July 21.—Abbie Condon vs. Mary Condon. Case continued for the term.
County of Yavapai vs. R. C. Woodruff, cashier of the Prescott National Bank. Demurrer to complaint argued and overruled. Defendants motion to dismiss action overruled. Plea to jurisdiction argued and overruled. Writ stayed until further order of the court.
Prescott National Bank vs. A. G. Oliver, tax collector. Demurrer to complaint overruled, with leave to answer within five days.

Wm. Lutley vs. W. H. Hatcher. Case closed, and submitted. Jury failed to agree and was discharged.
Geo. H. Curry vs. S. L. Townsend et al. Dismissed without prejudice.
MONDAY, July 23.—Arizona Central Bank vs. Humphreys & Austin; case continued for the term.
John W. Norton vs. John Duke; on trial before a jury.

The First Strike on Record.
The first strike on record is recorded by history in his famous book, "The Annals." The strike occurred in Rome in the year 400 B. C. The following is a translation of the Latin author's story:

The flute players, dissatisfied because the latest censors had forbidden them to take part in the banquet in Jupiter's Temple, according to the ancient custom, withdrew everyone of them, to Tibur, so that no one was left in Rome to play during the sacrifices. This incident shocked the religious sentiment of the Senate, and the Senate sent messages to invite the inhabitants of Tibur to make every effort in order that the players should be restored to the Romans. The Tiburines, having promised not to neglect anything for that purpose, caused the flute players to be brought to the place where the Senate met and exhorted them to go back to Rome. Seeing that they could not prevail upon them to do so, they employed stratagem in keeping with their character. On a day of festivities, on the pretext that music would increase the joys of the feast, every citizen invited the flute players, individually, to his house, and wine, of which people of that profession are usually fond, was given to them in such great quantities that they fell into a deep sleep. They were then thrown into wagons and transported to Rome. They only became aware of what had happened on the day after, when dawn surprised them lying on the carts, which had been left in the Forum. A large crowd had assembled, and the duce deduced them to promise that they would remain in Rome. The right of attending the banquets was restored to these flute players.

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FOR MEN AND WOMEN BOYS', \$2.00. YOUTHS', \$1.75. CHILDREN'S, \$1.25. MISSES', \$1.50.

IT HURTS our competitors because the BEST SHOE is the only hand-sewed shoe advertised and sold for \$2; the \$2 shoe is Fresh HAND-PROCESSED, unequalled for style and durability. Men's made of finest calf-skin. Women's, Misses and Children's, of the finest Dongola. All styles, all widths, tipped or plain. Look for Trade Mark and Price on sole.

SOLD BY D.J. Sullivan & Co. PRESCOTT, ARIZONA.

THE GARDEN PARTY.
A Pleasant Social Gathering Last Night at the Residence of Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Murphy.

The garden party, given last evening by the members of the Ladies' Guild, of the Episcopal church, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Murphy, was a very pleasant affair, socially and a success financially despite the threatening storm clouds. The residence and grounds where it was given have been the scene of many brilliant social gatherings during the time that they were occupied by Governor and Mrs. F. A. Tittle, and it looked like old times last evening, to see the place illuminated, like fairy land, with Chinese lanterns, strung in profusion and with artistic design and pleasing effect, throughout the well kept lawn and shade trees, while the 11th Infantry band from Whipple displayed sweet music to the assembled guests. Refreshments were served on the grounds by the ladies of the Guild while those present engaged in pleasant social intercourse and the evening hours sped swiftly, because pleasantly spent.

While the entertainment was gotten up specially by the Ladies' Guild, Mr. and Mrs. Murphy contributed largely to its social success by their presence and genial manners towards those present. The ladies of the Guild deserve great credit though for their zeal and untiring energy displayed in the perfect arrangement for the party. There is nothing that they undertake which they do not carry through to a successful culmination.

District Court Proceedings.
TUESDAY, July 24.—Henry Johnson vs. Henrietta M. Co.; placed on calendar and default entered.
J. W. Harris vs. J. H. Wheeler et al.; placed on calendar and default entered.
Timothy Fell vs. J. H. Wheeler et al.; same order as above.
Alex. Harris vs. Daniel Hatz and J. W. Archibald; placed on calendar and default entered as to Defendant Archibald.
Timothy Fell vs. Daniel Hatz and J. W. Archibald; same order as above.
John H. Polkinghorn was admitted to citizenship.

J. W. Norton vs. John Duke; verdict for plaintiff for \$2,800.
Baker Not Endorsed.

Public opinion in this town is squarely against Judge Baker in his set-to with Editor Wolfley, by which the latter had to pounce up the sum of \$300 in contempt of court. On this issue there are but few differences and those few are of the belief that "the papers cannot have given the whole of the offending article" or "there must be something more to it than what we have read." If the judge was in this district it would take him considerable leisure time to square the issue with his constituency, but as he is not adverse opinions in the old town will trouble him but little.—Tucson Citizen. The above remarks apply with equal force in Prescott. Not a single opinion of the case has been expressed in the hearing of the JOURNAL-MINER man that has not been adverse to Judge Baker. Even the warmest friends of the chief justice, and he has many warm friends here, do not attempt to justify his action and do not fail to remark on the irony of his remarks in considering only the dignity of the position, and not the individual in imposing the heavy sentence.

The State of Florida should not be held responsible for the bad manners of Senator Call, whose feet, without shoes, were for several hours, the other day, the most conspicuous objects on the floor of the Senate. His head will never make him conspicuous.

C. R. MARTINDALE.
The Pioneer Insurance Agent, represents the strongest and most reliable Fire Insurance Companies in the United States. The aggregate assets over \$40,000,000.

For Sale at a Bargain.
A span of well broke young horses in good condition. Enquire of John G. Campbell.

Lost.
A lady's gold watch and fob chain. A suitable reward will be paid on its return to this office.

Man Wanted.
To work on the grade of the S. F. & P. Railroad. Apply to B. Lantry & Sons.

Man Wo Chong is now selling a variety of Chinese fancy goods at very low prices, and wishes the public, especially ladies, to call and see them. He has Chinese crockery, tea sets in various designs, oriental ornaments for the home, silk goods of every description, elegant fans, and other articles for use and wear at lower prices than ever before. All are requested to come and inspect. Also fireworks for the 4th of July. Granite street south of the Golden Eagle Hotel.

Fresh candies received each week at Aitken's. No old stock on hand.

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BURMISTER
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DEALERS IN.....

MERCHANDISE

Among our Choice Novelties Just Unpacked we are Showing An Elegant Assortment of The Following Goods:

Imperial Austrian, German and Haviland China.

In the Latest Decorations and Designs.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE INVOICE OF

Wall Paper, Ceiling Decorations And Borders

Which we offer at 25 per cent. below former prices.

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FOOTWEAR!

The best assortment in Ladies, Misses and Children's Fine French Kid, Dongola, Kongola, Pebble, Goat and Calf Button and Lace Shoes. When in need of Shoes do not fail to secure a pair from our large assortment. Men's specialties in fine and heavy grades, all widths and sizes, of the best makes

Beautiful Decorated Dinner and Tea Sets.

ROCHESTER LIBRARY AND BANQUET LAMPS.

Handsomely Decorated Table Lamps.

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Call and examine the above beautiful line and low prices asked for the same

A Fine Assortment of GLASSWARE

CARLSBAD.

CHOICE DECORATED DINNER AND TEA SETS

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A choice assortment now open for your inspection

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Men and Boy's Furnishing Goods and Underwear in Choice Lines. California Wool Blankets, all Grades and Colors.

Comforts in Endless Variety.

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Just received another carload of the Celebrated Standard Bros. Wagons and Buggies. Every Vehicle Warranted.

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CURES
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Almost all pills and medicine produce constipation, here is a pill that cures constipation, biliousness, rheumatism, indigestion, sick headache and kidney and liver troubles without griping or leaving any trace of CONSTIPATION, which is the prime cause of all sickness, beware of getting habitual and chronic with you, see to it in time, these pills will cure you.

LADIES' COMPLEXION
clear the skin and remove all blotches from the face. Try a box and see for your self. 25 Cents a box. SOLD ONLY IN SEALED PACKAGES.

FOR SALE BY
DR. J. N. McCANDLESS, Yavapai Pharmacy, Prescott, A. T.
No small receipt of price.

Man Wo Chong is now selling a variety of Chinese fancy goods at very low prices, and wishes the public, especially ladies, to call and see them. He has Chinese crockery, tea sets in various designs, oriental ornaments for the home, silk goods of every description, elegant fans, and other articles for use and wear at lower prices than ever before. All are requested to come and inspect. Also fireworks for the 4th of July. Granite street south of the Golden Eagle Hotel.

Fresh candies received each week at Aitken's. No old stock on hand.

A Misses' Tan Oxford, 11 to 2, at Sullivan's for \$1.00; former price, \$1.50.